HOW DO I MAKE A...

Spring Planting Kit







BY Will Kawalec, Lead Educator

INGREDIENTS & MATERIALS

- Plastic planting pot
- Bag of seeds
- Bag of soil/fertilizer
- · Paint, stickers, googly eyes
- Planting and care instructions
- Optional: Spray bottle



DEVELOPMENT SUBJECT AREAS:

Art

VA: CR 1.2.3.PK-5

Science

5-LS1-1. 5-L2-1. 4LS1-1. 3-LS1-1. 3-LS3-2. 3-LS4-3. 2-LS2-1. K-PS3-1. K-LS1-1. K-ESS3-1. P-PS3-1. P-LS-1-1.2.

This lesson will teach a child how to grow their very own plant from seedling to flower. This activity will allow children to observe the life cycle of their very own plant, learning a valuable science lesson. Furthermore, growing a plant will allow kids to learn the responsibility of caring for a living thing. The experience of growing a springtime plant is great for introducing children to earth sciences as well.

DIRECTIONS

STEP 1 Take you planting pot and decorate with any art supplies you want; these pots should be fun!

STEP 2 Fill the pot with soil about 4/5ths of the way full.

STEP 3 Place your seeds on the top of the soil.

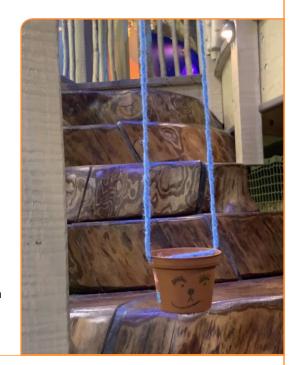
STEP 4 Cover your seeds with dirt, though only the length of the seeds deep in the dirt.

STEP 5 Water the soil immediately, do not saturate the soil.

STEP 6 Keep your soil damp through daily watering.

STEP 7 Depending on the seed continue caring for the seed until you see sprouting.

STEP 8 Observe plant growth and when a sprout is large enough you may transplant to a different pot or outside in a garden.



VOCABULARY

SEEDLING: A young plant, especially one raised from seed and not from a cutting.

SPROUTING: Start to grow; spring up.

LIFE CYCLE: The series of changes in the life of an organism.